

## **GCE**

# **Chemistry B**

H433/02: Scientific literacy in chemistry

Advanced GCE

**Mark Scheme for November 2020** 

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This mark scheme is published as an aid to teachers and students, to indicate the requirements of the examination. It shows the basis on which marks were awarded by examiners. It does not indicate the details of the discussions which took place at an examiners' meeting before marking commenced.

All examiners are instructed that alternative correct answers and unexpected approaches in candidates' scripts must be given marks that fairly reflect the relevant knowledge and skills demonstrated.

Mark schemes should be read in conjunction with the published question papers and the report on the examination.

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### **Annotations**

Annotation	Meaning
<b>✓</b>	Correct response
×	Incorrect response
^	Omission mark
BOD	Benefit of doubt given
CON	Contradiction
RE	Rounding error
SF	Error in number of significant figures
ECF	Error carried forward
L1	Level 1
L2	Level 2
L3	Level 3
NBOD	Benefit of doubt not given
SEEN	Noted but no credit given
I	Ignore

Abbreviations, annotations and conventions used in the detailed Mark Scheme (to include abbreviations and subject-specific conventions).

Annotation	Meaning
DO NOT ALLOW	Answers which are not worthy of credit
IGNORE	Statements which are irrelevant
ALLOW	Answers that can be accepted
()	Words which are not essential to gain credit
	Underlined words must be present in answer to score a mark
ECF	Error carried forward
AW	Alternative wording
ORA	Or reverse argument

Q	uestic	on	Answer	Mark	AO element	Guidance
1	а		O OCH <sub>3</sub>	1	1.1	ALLOW correct C–N bond circled
1	b	i	CH <sub>2</sub> H COOH HOOC H CH <sub>2</sub> Ph NH <sub>2</sub> Correct 3D structure around chiral centre ✓ correct mirror image ✓	2	2.1 x 2	ALLOW any object and correct mirror image scores 1 mark ALLOW dotted wedges instead of dotted lines. ALLOW wedges for bonds in front of the plane of the paper ALLOW two ordinary lines as long as they are not 180° to each other.
1	b	ii	Ph O - NH <sub>3</sub> +	1	1.1	DO NOT ALLOW NH <sup>3(+)</sup> IGNORE extra correct details on skeletal structure
1	b	iii	H₂NCH(COOH)CH₂COOH also formed ✓  also CH₃OH ✓  hydrolysis of ester ✓	3	3.2 x 3	ALLOW any unambiguous structures ALLOW NH <sub>3</sub> + in formula of amino acid
1	С			1	1.1	<b>ALLOW</b> circles round NH <sub>2</sub> , NH and OH rather than the atoms separately <b>ALL</b> indicated atoms MUST be circled to score the mark

Q	uestic	on	Answer	Mark	AO element	Guidance
			©CH <sub>3</sub>		element	
1	d		Instantaneous (dipole)-induced dipole/id-id ✓	1	2.5	ALLOW Van der Waals or London
1	е	i	place in solvent and allow solvent to rise up paper ✓	4	1.2	ALLOW labelled diagrams to score MP1, 2 & 4
			solvent below level of spot ✓		3.3	IGNORE use of water as solvent
			(dry and) use ninhydrin/locating agent/UV (light) ✓		1.2	
			more than one spot indicates hydrolysis ✓		3.4	ALLOW matching spots from individual amino acids
1	е	ii	enzyme would be denatured /tertiary structure broken down so no reaction (AW)✓	1	3.1	
1	е	iii	No difference to rate (AW) ✓ Aspartame/substrate zero order (when in excess) ✓	2	3.1 x 2	ALLOW initially rate increases AND then becomes constant(AW)  ALLOW all active sites occupied(AW) when aspartame in excess/at high concentration'

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Qı	uestic	on	Answer	Mark	AO element	Guidance
2	а	i	salt bridge ✓ filter paper <b>and</b> potassium nitrate (solution) ✓	2	3.4 x 2	ALLOW ion bridge  ALLOW any Gr I /II nitrate solution
2	а	ii	298 K/ 25°C ✓ concentrations of solutions 1 mol dm <sup>-3</sup> ✓	2	1.2 x 2	
2	b	i	silver <u>ions / Ag+</u> ✓	1	1.2	
2	b	ii	From Cu to Ag AND Cu electrode potential is more negative/less positive ✓	1	2.3	ALLOW Ag electrode is more positive/less negative ALLOW Cu is oxidised/loses electrons ALLOW Ag+ ions are reduced/accept electrons
2	U		FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 6.8 x 10 <sup>-7</sup> (mol dm <sup>-3</sup> ) award 4 marks $E^{\circ} = 0.46 \checkmark$ Rearrange equation: 0.06 log[Ag <sup>+</sup> ] = $E - E^{\circ} \checkmark$ $\log [Ag^{+}] = -6.17 \checkmark$ $[Ag^{+}] = 6.8 \times 10^{-7} \text{ (mol dm}^{-3}) \checkmark$	4	2.8 x 4	ALLOW 1 or more sf (0.06 in equation) ALLOW ecf throughout
2	d	(i)	Equation showing that IO₃⁻ reacts with Cu ✓ $2IO₃⁻ +12 H^+ + 5Cu \rightarrow I₂ + 6H₂O + 5 Cu²+ \checkmark$	2	2.8 x 2	Mark separately  Second mark can be scored for reverse equation.  ALLOW equilibrium sign  IGNORE state symbols
2	d	(ii)		2	3.3 x 2	

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Q	Question		Answer		AO element	Guidance
			Pt/graphite electrode ✓ IO₃⁻ and I₂ <b>and</b> H⁺ in solution ✓			
2	d	(iii)	FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 0.4 (mol dm <sup>-3</sup> ) award 3 marks  [1 <sub>2</sub> ] = 0.04 ✓	3	2.8 x 3	0.28 (omission of factors of 2) scores 1 mark 0.56 and 0.2 score 2 marks ALLOW ecf from any statement that begins "[l2] ="
			$\sqrt{0.04} = 0.2 \checkmark$ [IO <sub>3</sub> -] = 0.4 (mol dm <sup>-3</sup> ) $\checkmark$			

Q	uestic	on	Answer	Mark	AO element	Guidance
3	а		H O P O H O H O H O H O H O H O H O H O	2	2.5 x 2	IGNORE minus sign ALLOW 'extra' electron on single bonded O to be the same symbol or different from the rest of the electrons on that O.  Must be clear that only five electrons are from P atom.
3	b		mol P = $52 \times 2/142 = 0.73$ <b>AND</b> mol K = $34 \times 2/94.2 = 0.72$ Ratio is about 1:1 as in KH <sub>2</sub> PO <sub>4</sub> $\checkmark$	2	2.6 x 2	<b>ALLOW</b> 52/142 = 0.365 AND 34/94.2 = 0.36 for MP1
3	С	i	HPO <sub>4</sub> <sup>2−</sup> <b>AND</b> proton acceptor ✓	1	1.1	
3	С	ii	7.2 ✓	1	1.2	
3	С	iii	FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 5.1 award 2 marks $[H^+] (= \sqrt{(6.2 \times 10^{-8} \times 1.0 \times 10^{-3})}) = 7.87 \times 10^{-6} \text{ (mol dm}^{-3}) \checkmark$ pH = 5.1 $\checkmark$	2	2.2 x 2	<b>ALLOW</b> ecf provided '[H+] =' or 'H+ =' is shown <b>AND</b> value is > 10 <sup>-7</sup> and < 10 <sup>-4</sup>
3	d		$NH_4^+ \rightleftharpoons NH_3 + H^+$ <b>OR</b> $NH_4^+ + H_2O \rightleftharpoons NH_3 + H_3O^+ \checkmark$ Acid/ $H^+$ / $H_3O^+$ (from $KH_2PO_4$ ) moves equilibrium (position) to left $\checkmark$	2	2.7 x 2	<b>ALLOW</b> equilbrium the other way round (and the corresponding 'right' in MP2)

Q	Question		Answer		AO element	Guidance	
3	е		FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 69 (g) award 4 marks  Value of [H+]: 3.16 x 10 <sup>-7</sup> ✓  Rearrangement of eqn: [H <sub>2</sub> PO <sub>4</sub> -] = [H+] [HPO <sub>4</sub> 2-]/ Ka ✓  [H <sub>2</sub> PO <sub>4</sub> -] = 3.16 x 10 <sup>-7</sup> x 0.1/ 6.2 x 10 <sup>-8</sup> OR 0.51 ✓  mass KH <sub>2</sub> PO <sub>4</sub> = (0.51 x 136) = 69 (g) ✓	4	2.8 x 4	ALLOW 2 or more sf ALLOW ecf throughout	
3	f	i	Equilibrium will move to left (AW) ✓  [H+] only restored/unchanged (AW) if [H₂PO₄-] is large ✓	2	3.1 x 2		
3	f	ii	(Student is correct (AW) <b>AND</b> ) HCl strong (acid) so all reacts/dissociates/ionises ✓	1	3.1		
	f	iii	FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 0.7 award 2 marks $[H^+] (= 0.05 \times 0.01/1000) = 5 \times 10^{-7} \checkmark$ pH change = $7 - 6.3 = 0.7 \checkmark$	2	2.8 x 2	ALLOW ecf	

Q	uestic	on	Answer	Mark	AO	Guidance
4	а	i	(C=C) decolorises bromine water ✓ (COOH/acid) will fizz with carbonate/appropriate colour with (named) indicator ✓	2	1.2 x 2	ALLOW gas produced turns limewater cloudy(AW) if carbonate test used
4	а	ii	FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 5 (cm <sup>3</sup> ) award 3 marks  conc maleic acid = $(2.32/116)$ OR $0.02$ (mol dm <sup>-3</sup> ) $\checkmark$ amt NaOH = $2 \times 250 \times 0.02/1000$ OR $0.01$ (mol) $\checkmark$ vol NaOH = $1000 \times 0.01/2 = 5$ $\checkmark$	3	2.4 x 3	2.5 scores 2 marks  ALLOW ecf Allow wrong answers (after ecf) to 2 or more sig figs.
4	b	i	CHO ✓	1	1.2	ALLOW elements in any order
	b	ii	Z√ butenedioic acid √	2	1.1 x 2	ALLOW 'butendioic acid'
	С		Description of groups being spatially different across C=C ✓  Lack of free rotation of C=C /groups in a fixed position ✓	2	1.2 x 2	ALLOW they are stereoisomers.
	d		Loss of COOH/CO2H <b>OR</b> C3H3O2 <sup>(+)</sup> /CHCHCOOH✓	1	2.6	
	е	i	COOH COOH H COOH H COOH H H H COOH H H COOH H COOH H H COOH H COOH H COOH H COOH H COOH H H COOH H COOH H H COOH H	2	2.5 x 2	One arrow must start) on the double bond and end pointing to H <sup>+</sup> (or to the bond being formed) The other arrow must start and end on the bonds shown. Other arrows are CON
	е	ii	(Electrophilic) Elimination	1	1.1	

Q	Question		Answer	Mark	AO element	Guidance
	е	iii	No, either of the Hs on the left C (of carbocation) could leave ✓ some <sup>2</sup> H/D would be incorporated ✓	2	3.2 x 2	
	f			1	2.1	
	g	i	Atom economies (98/170) = 58% <b>AND</b> (98/222) = 44% ✓ Identifies butane/reaction 1 should be used because it has the larger atom economy/produces less waste ✓	2	2.6 3.1	<b>ALLOW</b> 0.58 <b>AND</b> 0.44
	g	ii	Benzene toxic/ more expensive/butane more available from cracking /doesn't produce CO₂ (ORA for reaction 2)✓	1	3.1	<b>ALLOW</b> ecf from (g)(i) eg butane more flammable
	g	iii	FIRST CHECK THE ANSWER ON ANSWER LINE If answer = 61 (kg) award 2 marks  amt butane = 15000/24 = 625 mol ✓  mass maleic anh = 625 x 98/1000 = 61(kg) (2sf) ✓	2	2.8 x 2	61.3 or 61.2 score 1  Correct use of gas equation can score both marks

Question	Answer	Mark	AO element	Guidance	
h*	Refer to marking instructions on page 5 of mark scheme for guidance on marking this question.  Level 3 (5 – 6 marks) Correct structure/identity deduced and detailed evidence related to the structure is provided from each spectrum.  There is a well-developed line of reasoning which is clear and logically structured. The information presented is relevant and substantiated.  Level 2 (3 – 4 marks) Correct structure/identity deduced with detailed evidence from at least one spectrum.  OR Structure/identity attempted with some correct evidence from a minimum of two spectra.  There is a line of reasoning presented with some structure. The information presented is relevant and supported by some evidence.  Level 1 (1 – 2 marks) Correct structure/identity deduced with no relevant evidence.  OR Structure/identity not given or incorrect, but some correct evidence from at least one spectrum.  There is an attempt at a logical structure with a line of reasoning. The information is in the most part relevant.  O marks No response or nothing of value	6	3.1 x 4 3.2 x 2	Indicative scientific points may include:  AO3.1 Analysis: IR: C=O at 1700 Broad OH 2500-3300 COOH  HNMR: Three H environments 1.2: Hs on C connected to C-H 2.3: H on C connected to Cs with many Hs 11.8 H in COOH  CNMR: Three C environments two Cs in same environment one C=O (at 183ish) two C-C  AO3.2 Evaluation: Compound A identified as 2-methylpropanoic acid Structure CH <sub>3</sub> CH(CH <sub>3</sub> )COOH presented in any unambiguous way	

Q	Question		Answer		AO element	Guidance
5	а	i	Two C <i>l</i> s/chlorines/two Cl⁻/ chloride ligands are each -1 ✓	1	1.1	
5	а	ii	5d8 ✓	1	1.1	
5	а	iii	Yes, it has an ion with an incomplete d subshell (in a compound) ✓	1	1.1	
5	b		- O C H C H OR - O C OR H C H H C H H C H H C N	2	1.1 x 2	
5	С	i	guanine√	1	1.1	
5	С	ii	hydrogen (bond)√	1	2.1	
5	С	iii	(dative) covalent/ co-ordinate (bond) ✓ (lone) pair on nitrogen donated to Pt ✓	2	2.1 x 2	
5	d	i	octahedral ✓	1	2.1	
		ii	6 🗸	1	2.1	

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Question		on	Answer	Mark	AO element	Guidance	
5	d	iii	Satraplatin also has ethanoate/ester/C=O groups/(4) O atoms (in addition to NH₃ groups that cisplatin also has) ✓  (These form more) H-bonds with water(ORA for cisplatin) ✓  and (more than) compensate for 'insoluble' (AW) ring <b>OR</b> H-bonds broken in water ✓	3	3.1 x 3	Oxygen MOLECULES is CON	
5	e*		Refer to marking instructions on page 5 of mark scheme for guidance on marking this question.  Level 3 (5 – 6 marks) Considers disadvantages of cisplatin, with most examples of both toxicity and cell resistance. AND Identifies most examples of how new drugs attempt to overcome the disadvantages of cisplatin.  There is a well-developed line of reasoning which is clear and logically structured. The information presented is relevant and substantiated.  Level 2 (3 – 4 marks) Considers disadvantages of cisplatin, with some examples of both toxicity and cell resistance. OR Gives a detailed treatment of either toxicity OR cell resistance  AND Attempts to provide examples of the ways new drugs attempt to overcome the disadvantages of cisplatin.  There is a line of reasoning presented with some structure. The information presented is relevant and supported by some evidence.	6	3.1 x 3 3.2x 3	Indicative scientific points include: Disadvantages: toxicity	

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Question	Answer	Mark	AO element	Guidance
	Level 1 (1 – 2 marks) Considers disadvantages of cisplatin, with examples of toxicity OR cell resistance. OR Attempts to provide examples of the ways new drugs attempt to overcome the disadvantages of cisplatin  There is an attempt at a logical structure with a line of reasoning. The information is in the most part relevant and correct.  O marks No response or nothing of value			

OCR (Oxford Cambridge and RSA Examinations)
The Triangle Building
Shaftesbury Road
Cambridge
CB2 8EA

#### **OCR Customer Contact Centre**

#### **Education and Learning**

Telephone: 01223 553998 Facsimile: 01223 552627

Email: general.qualifications@ocr.org.uk

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